



Entrez PubMed Nucleotide Protein Genome Structure OMIM PMC Journals Books

Search for

Limits

Preview/Index

History

Clipboard

Details

Limits: Publication Date to 1998

- Search History will be lost after eight hours of inactivity.
- To combine searches use # before search number, e.g., #2 AND #6.
- Search numbers may not be continuous; all searches are represented.
- Click on query # to add to strategy

About Entrez

Text Version

Entrez PubMed

Overview

Help | FAQ

Tutorial

New/Noteworthy

E-Utilities

PubMed Services

Journals Database

MeSH Database

Single Citation Matcher

Batch Citation Matcher

Clinical Queries

LinkOut

Cubby

Related Resources

Order Documents

NLM Catalog

NLM Gateway

TOXNET

Consumer Health

Clinical Alerts

ClinicalTrials.gov

PubMed Central

Search	Most Recent Queries	Time	Result
#46 Search plasminogen and lethal factor Limits: Publication Date to 1998		17:08:45	16
#45 Search plasminogen and anthrax Limits: Publication Date to 1998		17:08:32	0
#44 Related Articles for PubMed (Select 1327517)		17:07:46	102
#42 Search target and plasminogen and toxin AND CANCER Limits: Publication Date to 1998		17:06:58	6
#41 Search plasminogen and toxin AND CANCER Limits: Publication Date to 1998		17:06:46	78
#40 Search plasminogen and toxin Limits: Publication Date to 1998		17:06:37	560
#38 Related Articles for PubMed (Select 8226837)		17:05:36	147
#5 Related Articles for PubMed (Select 11278833)		17:04:23	137
#35 Search tpa AND cancer and expression Limits: Publication Date to 1998		16:46:19	1117
#33 Search tpa AND BOWES Limits: Publication Date to 1998		16:44:54	15
#27 Search tpa AND upa AND expression AND cancer Limits: Publication Date to 1998		16:41:19	35
#28 Search tpa AND upa AND expression AND cancer Field: All Fields, Limits: Publication Date to 1998, Review		16:33:19	1
#26 Search tpa AND upa AND expression Limits: Publication Date to 1998		16:32:57	119
#25 Search tpa AND upa Limits: Publication Date to 1998		16:32:26	315
#22 Related Articles for PubMed (Select 9674732)		16:29:38	815
#20 Related Articles for PubMed (Select 7947088)		16:27:34	111
#16 Search upa AND myelogenous leukemia Limits: Publication Date to 1998		16:26:27	13
#15 Search upa AND leukemia Limits: Publication Date to 1998		16:25:55	26
#8 Related Articles for PubMed (Select 7927776)		15:40:50	134

<u>#11</u> Search lethal factor and cancer and plasminogen Limits: Publication Date to 1998	14:21:48	2
<u>#10</u> Search lethal factor and cancer Limits: Publication Date to 1998	14:21:31	<u>377</u>
<u>#9</u> Search leppla and lethal factor and cancer Field: All Fields, Limits: Publication Date to 1998	14:20:14	<u>1</u>
<u>#6</u> Search plasminogen and lethal factor	14:19:38	<u>31</u>
<u>#3</u> Search leppla and lethal factor and cancer	12:53:40	<u>9</u>
<u>#2</u> Search leppla and lethal factor	12:53:27	<u>67</u>
<u>#1</u> Search leppla	12:53:15	<u>152</u>

[Clear History](#)[Write to the Help Desk](#)[NCBI | NLM | NIH](#)[Department of Health & Human Services](#)[Privacy Statement | Freedom of Information Act | Disclaimer](#)

Nov 16 2004 07:00:47

FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 10:57:42 ON 18 NOV 2004
E LEPPLA S/AU

L1 116 S LEPPLA S?/AU
L2 433 S LETHAL FACTOR
L3 1325 S PROTECTIVE ANTIGEN
L4 188 S L3 AND L2
L5 188 S L4 AND L2
L6 1671881 S CANCER? OR TUMOR? OR NEOPLAS? OR METASTA?
L7 13 S L5 AND L6
L8 27177 S PLASMINOGEN ACTIVATOR
L9 3 S L8 AND L7
L10 188 S L2 AND L3
L11 13 S L10 AND L6
L12 3 S L8 AND L11

FILE 'CANCERLIT' ENTERED AT 11:04:32 ON 18 NOV 2004

L13 9 S LEPPLA S?/AU
L14 22 S LETHAL FACTOR
L15 68 S PROTECTIVE ANTIGEN
L16 5939 S PLASMINOGEN ACTIVATOR
L17 54 S ANTHRAX
L18 11 S L17 AND L14
L19 6646 S PLASMINOGEN
L20 1 S L19 AND L18

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:06:04 ON 18 NOV 2004

L21 151 S LEPPLA S?/AU
L22 567 S LETHAL FACTOR
L23 1402 S PROTECTIVE ANTIGEN
L24 25343 S PLASMINOGEN
L25 687350 S CANCER? OR TUMOR? OR NEOPLAS? OR METASTA?
L26 6 S L22 AND L24
L27 5 S L26 AND L25

FILE 'PCTFULL' ENTERED AT 11:07:26 ON 18 NOV 2004

L28 6 S LEPPLA S?/AU
L29 246 S LETHAL FACTOR
L30 8577 S PLASMINOGEN
L31 82388 S CANCER? OR TUMOR? OR NEOPLAS? OR METASTA?
L32 25 S L29 AND L30
L33 24 S L32 AND L31
L34 2 S L33 NOT PY>1999

FILE 'MEDLINE, CANCERLIT, CAPLUS, PCTFULL' ENTERED AT 11:09:56 ON 18 NOV
2004

L35 7 DUP REM L12 L20 L27 L34 (4 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

L35 ANSWER 7 OF 7 PCTFULL COPYRIGHT 2004 Univentio on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998049311 PCTFULL ED 20020514
TITLE (ENGLISH): RICIN-LIKE TOXIN VARIANTS FOR TREATMENT OF
CANCER, VIRAL OR PARASITIC INFECTIONS
TITLE (FRENCH): VARIANTES DE TOXINES DE TYPE RICIN DESTINEES AU
TRAITEMENT D'INFECTIONS **CANCEREUSES**, VIRALES
OU PARASITAIRES
INVENTOR(S): BORGFORD, Thor
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): DE NOVO ENZYME CORPORATION;
BORGFORD, Thor
LANGUAGE OF PUBL.: English
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
PATENT INFORMATION:
NUMBER KIND DATE

WO 9849311 A2 19981105
DESIGNATED STATES
W: AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CU CZ DE DK EE
ES FI GB GE GH GM GW HU ID IL IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC
LK LR LS LT LU LV MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU
SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT UA UG US UZ VN YU ZW GH
GM KE LS MW SD SZ UG ZW AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM AT
BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE BF
BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN ML MR NE SN TD TG
APPLICATION INFO.: WO 1998-CA394 A 19980430
PRIORITY INFO.: US 1997-60/045,148 19970430
US 1997-60/063,715 19971029

ANSWER 2 OF 3 MEDLINE on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003031708 MEDLINE
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 12525700
TITLE: Potent antitumor activity of a urokinase-activated
engineered anthrax toxin.
AUTHOR: Liu Shihui; Aaronson Hannah; Mitola David J; Leppla Stephen
H; Bugge Thomas H
CORPORATE SOURCE: Oral Infection and Immunity Branch, National Institute of
Dental and Craniofacial Research, National Institutes of
Health, Bethesda, MD 20892, USA.
SOURCE: Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the
United States of America, (2003 Jan 21) 100 (2) 657-62.
Journal code: 7505876. ISSN: 0027-8424.
PUB. COUNTRY: United States
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
LANGUAGE: English
FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals
ENTRY MONTH: 200302
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20030123
Last Updated on STN: 20030225
Entered Medline: 20030224

ED Entered STN: 20030123

Last Updated on STN: 20030225

Entered Medline: 20030224

AB The acquisition of cell-surface urokinase **plasminogen activator** activity is a hallmark of malignancy. We generated an engineered anthrax toxin that is activated by cell-surface urokinase *in vivo* and displays limited toxicity to normal tissue but broad and potent **tumoricidal** activity. Native anthrax toxin **protective antigen**, when administered with a chimeric anthrax toxin **lethal factor**, *Pseudomonas* exotoxin fusion protein, was extremely toxic to mice, causing rapid and fatal organ damage. Replacing the furin activation sequence in anthrax toxin **protective antigen** with an artificial peptide sequence efficiently activated by urokinase greatly attenuated toxicity to mice. In addition, the mutation conferred cell-surface urokinase-dependent toxin activation *in vivo*, as determined by using a panel of plasminogen, **plasminogen activator**, **plasminogen activator** receptor, and **plasminogen activator** inhibitor-deficient mice. Surprisingly, toxin activation critically depended on both urokinase **plasminogen activator** receptor and plasminogen *in vivo*, showing that both proteins are essential cofactors for the generation of cell-surface urokinase. The engineered toxin displayed potent **tumor** cell cytotoxicity to a spectrum of transplanted **tumors** of diverse origin and could eradicate established solid **tumors**. This **tumoricidal** activity depended strictly on **tumor** cell-surface plasminogen activation. The data show that a simple change of protease activation specificity converts anthrax toxin from a highly lethal to a potent **tumoricidal** agent.

L9 ANSWER 3 OF 3 MEDLINE on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001276184 MEDLINE
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 11278833
TITLE: Targeting of **tumor** cells by cell surface
urokinase **plasminogen activator**
-dependent anthrax toxin.
AUTHOR: Liu S; Bugge T H; Leppla S H
CORPORATE SOURCE: Oral Infection and Immunity Branch and Oral and Pharyngeal
Cancer Branch, NIDCR, National Institutes of Health,
Bethesda, Maryland 20892, USA.
SOURCE: Journal of biological chemistry, (2001 May 25) 276 (21)
17976-84.
Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.
PUB. COUNTRY: United States

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
LANGUAGE: English
FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals
ENTRY MONTH: 200107
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20010709
Last Updated on STN: 20030105
Entered Medline: 20010705
ED Entered STN: 20010709
Last Updated on STN: 20030105
Entered Medline: 20010705
AB Urokinase **plasminogen activator** receptor (uPAR) binds pro-urokinase **plasminogen activator** (pro-uPA) and thereby localizes it near plasminogen, causing the generation of active uPA and plasmin on the cell surface. uPAR and uPA are overexpressed in a variety of human **tumors** and **tumor** cell lines, and expression of uPAR and uPA is highly correlated to **tumor** invasion and **metastasis**. To exploit these characteristics in the design of **tumor** cell-selective cytotoxins, we constructed mutated anthrax toxin-**protective antigen** (PrAg) proteins in which the furin cleavage site is replaced by sequences cleaved specifically by uPA. These uPA-targeted PrAg proteins were activated selectively on the surface of uPAR-expressing **tumor** cells in the presence of pro-uPA and plasminogen. The activated PrAg proteins caused internalization of a recombinant cytotoxin, FP59, consisting of anthrax toxin **lethal factor** residues 1-254 fused to the ADP-ribosylation domain of *Pseudomonas* exotoxin A, thereby killing the uPAR-expressing **tumor** cells. The activation and cytotoxicity of these uPA-targeted PrAg proteins were strictly dependent on the integrity of the **tumor** cell surface-associated plasminogen activation system. We also constructed a mutated PrAg protein that selectively killed tissue **plasminogen activator**-expressing cells. These mutated PrAg proteins may be useful as new therapeutic agents for **cancer** treatment.